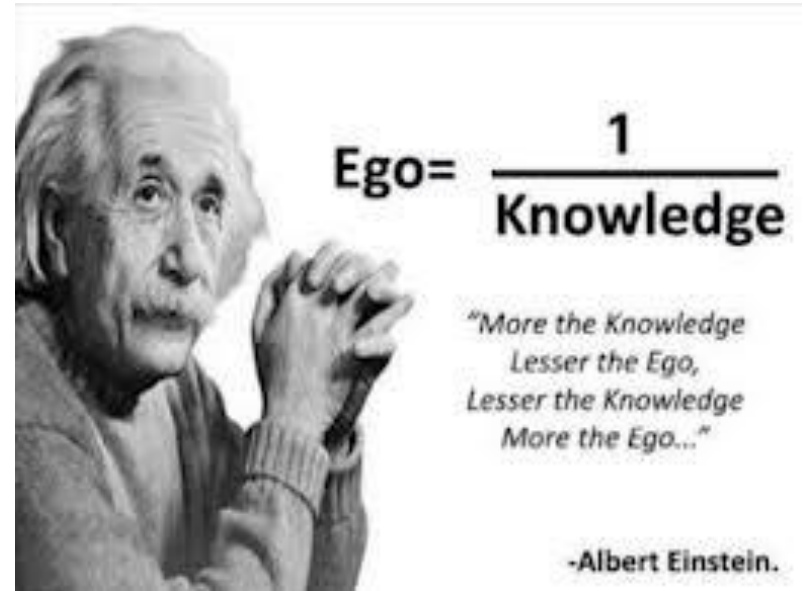




Learn To Love Your Small Losses

“The Trouble With A Loss Is
Not Only The Loss Of Money,
But Also The Loss of Ego.”

Pat Arbor, Chairman Chicago Board of
Trade – world’s largest derivatives exchange





How Find The Stop Loss?

✓ How find the initial fixed maximum stop loss?

✓ Method Average Range





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How Find The Stop Loss?

- ✓ How find the initial fixed maximum stop loss?
 - ✓ Method: Average True Range (ATR)



Stop Loss Method : Average True Range

- ✓ $SL = 2 \times ATR$. Fixed At Entry
- ✓ Because it is not 'noise' if $2 \times ATR$
- ✓ How find ATR?
 - ✓ Use ATR indicator



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Initial Fixed Stop Loss

$2 \times \text{ATR} = 2\% \text{ of Total Risk Capital}$

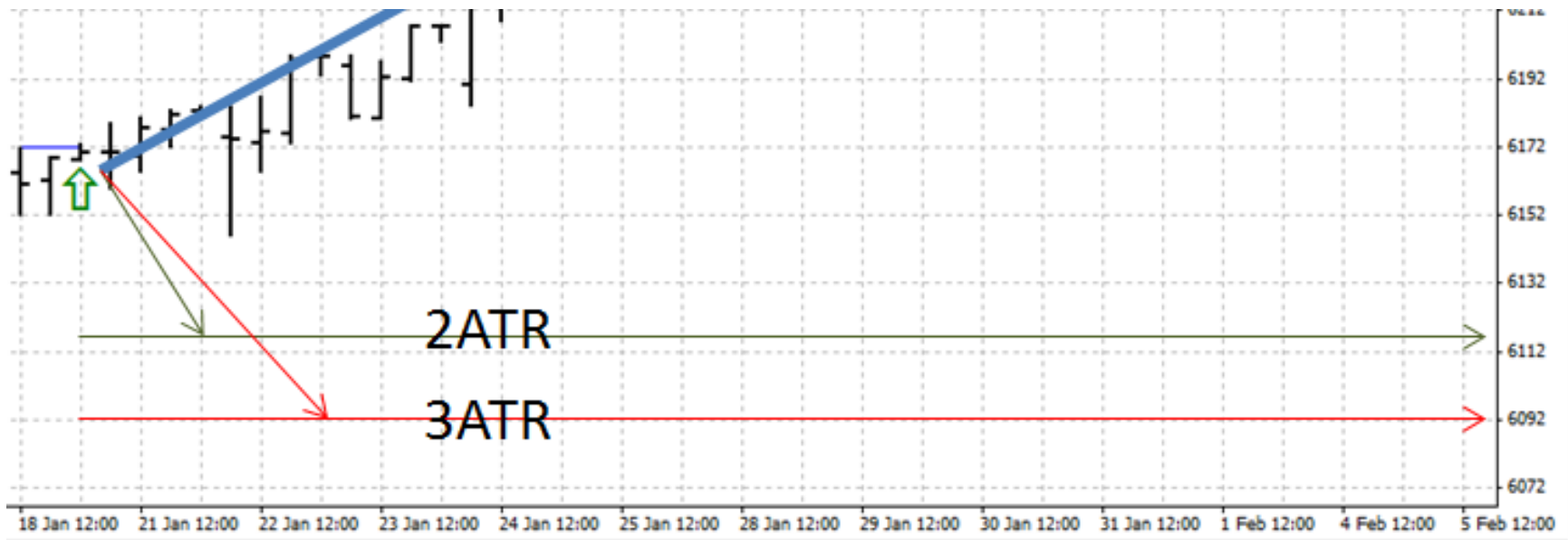
$3 \times \text{ATR} = 2\% \text{ of Total Risk Capital}$



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Initial Fixed Stop Loss

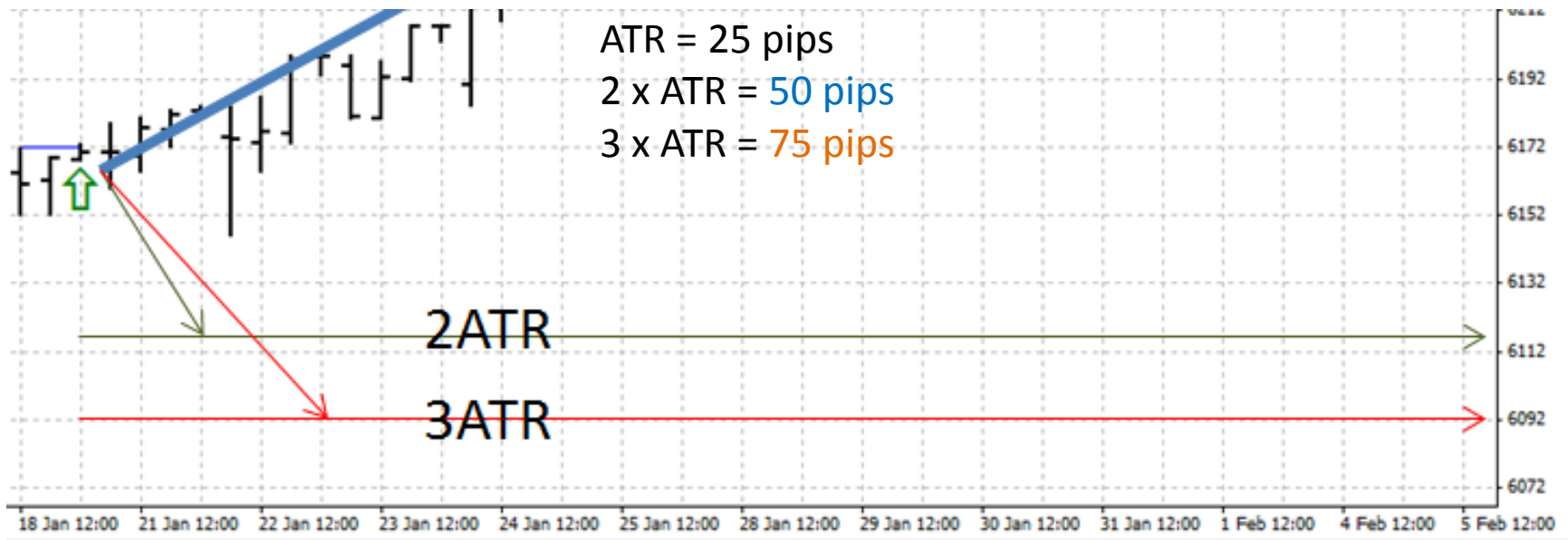




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Initial Fixed Stop Loss

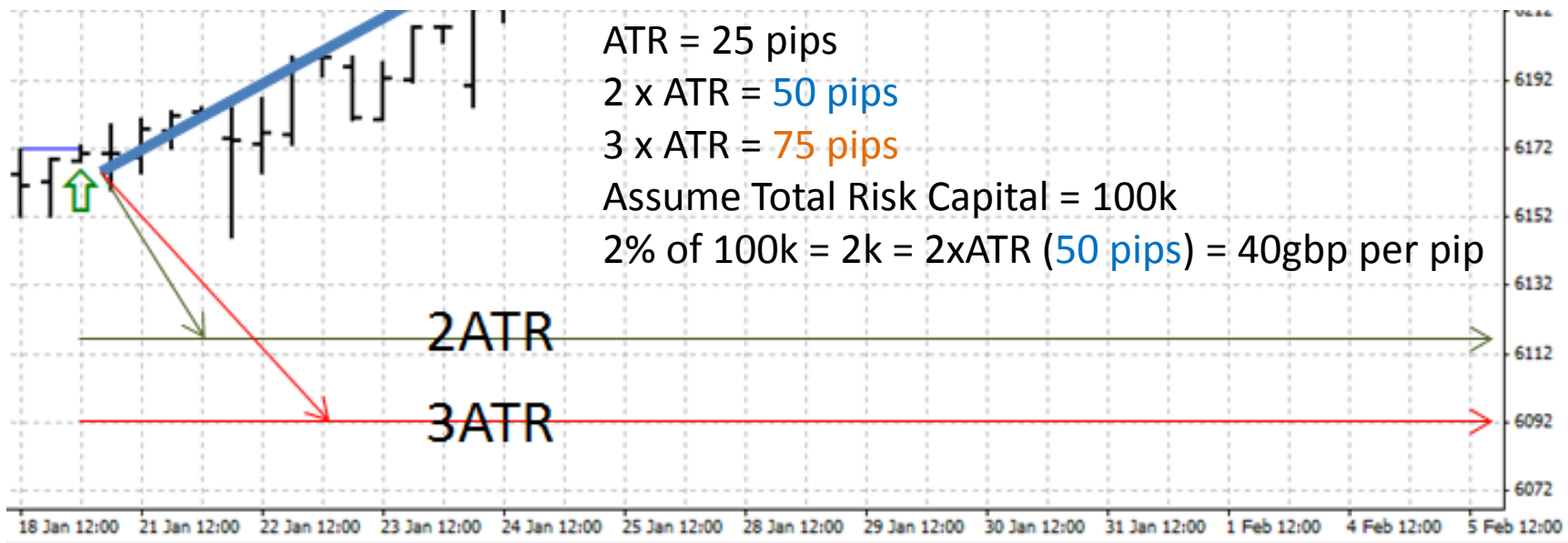




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Initial Fixed Stop Loss

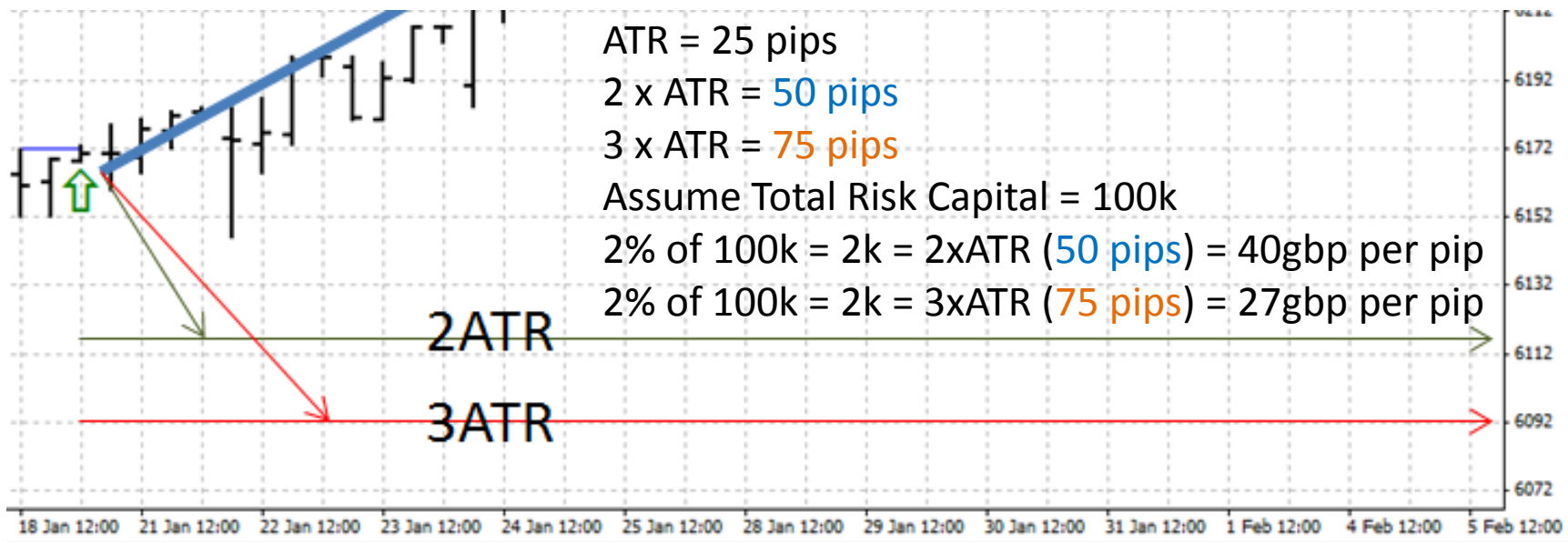




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Initial Fixed Stop Loss

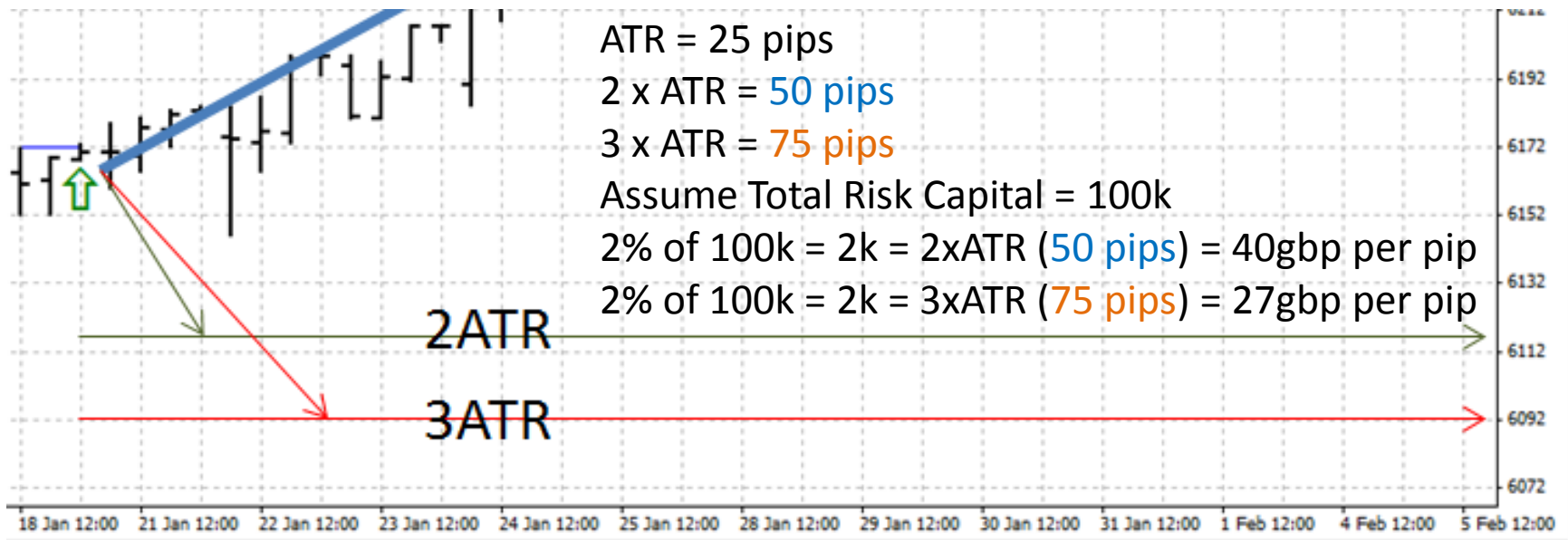




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Initial Fixed Stop Loss



Note: Loss is 2% of Trading Capital Whether Falls to 2 ATR or 3 ATR

So Why Not 3 x ATR? Because only 27gbp per pip NOT 40gbp per pip so make less profit eventually on winning trades



So Which Stop Loss?

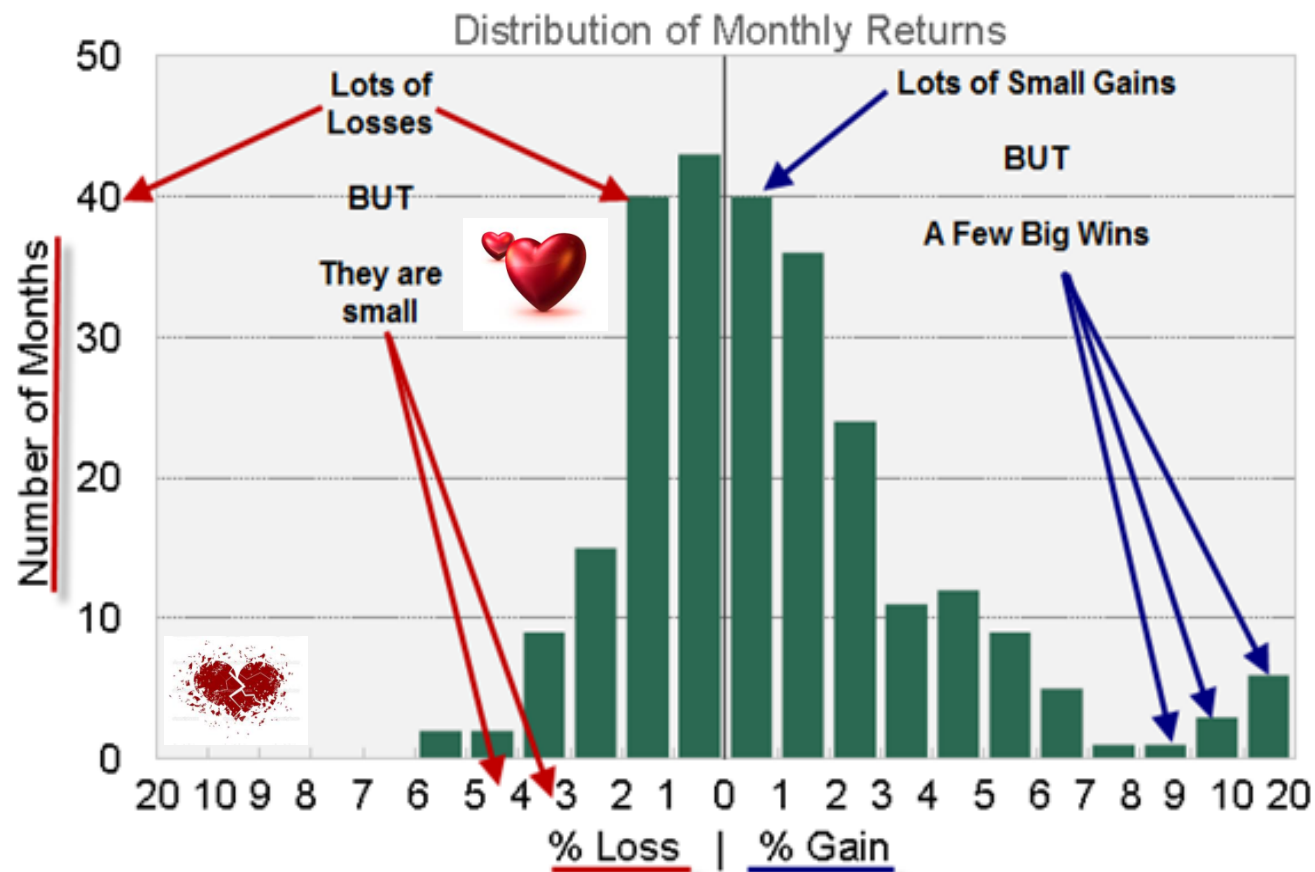
ATR	Benefit	Costs	Overall
2	Total Loss Is Fixed - 2%	Stopped Out More Often Of Potentially Profitable Trades Than If 3 ATR	Win/Loss Ratio Lower, But Profitability Higher on Wins
3	Total Loss Is Fixed – 2%	Position Size Smaller Than if 2 x ATR So Make Less Profits On Profitable Trades	Win/Loss Ratio Higher, But Profits Lower on Wins



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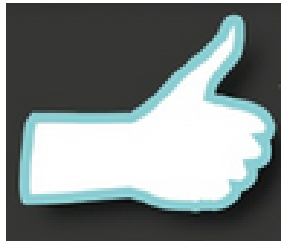


Learn to Love Your Small Losses





Winners and Losers



Winners	Losers
Add to winning positions	Add to losing positions
Exit losses quickly	Exit profits quickly
Let profits run	Let losses run
Risk 1-2% of capital per trade	Risk 5-10%+ of capital on each trade